Climate implications toolkit

This toolkit is a self-assessment to help officers think about how their projects, procurements, commissioning, and services can align with H&F's net zero carbon target and sixth council value: "Rising to the challenge of the climate and ecological emergency". It also supports report authors to draft the climate implications section on decision reports, now required on decisions over £300,000 and procurement strategy reports.



How to use the tool

The self-assessment is intended to help officers reflect critically on their project or service's climate impact. We recommend you answer all the questions, even if the answer is 'not applicable'. It is a reflective tool, not a framework for approving or rejecting a decision, so it will work best if each question is considered honestly and carefully.



The next tab presents a set of questions about the initiative or decision against H&F's five 'climate challenges', and a drop-down range of answers. Each answer is colour-coded to indicate its climate impact and recommended way forward as follows:

Colour code	Recommendation	
Dark green	Strong positive impacts for the climate emergency. Recommendation to proceed as is with this aspect.	
Light green	Some positive impact for the climate emergency. Recommendation to further enhance this aspect where possible and proceed.	
Yellow	Some negative impacts for the climate emergency. Recommendation to review these aspects and find mitigations where possible.	
Red Considerable inconsistency with the council's net zero objective. Strong recommendation to review these aspects and find mitigation		
Grey	Neutral or not applicable. Recommendation to consider how benefits could be achieved in this area, but otherwise proceed.	

These questions should be considered for services, goods and projects we procure as well as those we deliver directly. Delivery models, specifications and tender evaluation should be shaped to ensure our contractors are aligned with our net zero commitment.

When answering these questions you should consider **direct** and **indirect** impacts. For example, a highways project to install traffic reduction measures might not use electric vehicles or plant in its delivery, but still lead to reduced vehicle use once in place.

Against each climate challenge, the toolkit presents possible actions to improve the climate impact of the decision.

Please email your completed copy of the form to Jim.Cunningham@lbhf.gov.uk and Hinesh.Mehta@lbhf.gov.uk, along with your draft climate implications for verification (if completing a report).

Version	Date	
1.0		09/03/21
1.1		17/05/21

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Red	Considerable inconsistency with the council's net zero objective. Strong recommendation to review these aspects and find mitigations.
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Guidance for use

Ecology Question

Please answer all questions from the drop-down options in the 'impact' column (C), including 'not applicable' as needed.

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Key to the colour coding of answers is given at the top of the page.

Name of project/service: Construction of Community Garden		
New Community garden aims to involve local community actively in all aspects of growing and caring for plants for horticulture, biodiversity and other purposes.		

Reasons / possible mitigations

Development is within a public park. The

Question	Impact (select from list)	Reasons / possible mitigations
		Majority of community activity will be outside
		in garden spaces. Building will only be used
What effect will this project have on overall energy use (electricity or other fuels) e.g.		for wet weather, storage and toilet/kitchen
n buildings, appliances or machinery?	Modest or short-term increase	facilites
What effect will this project have on the direct use of fossil fuels such as gas, petrol,		Explore potential for solar panels on
iesel, oil?	Modest or short-term increase	building
oes this project further maximise the use of existing building space? E.g. co-locating		
ervices; bringing under-used space into use; using buildings out-of-hours	Yes	
Vill any new building constructed or refurbishment be net zero carbon-ready in		
se? (high levels of insulation, low energy demand per sq. m., and no servicing with		
ossil fuels such as gas heating).	Yes	
		Use of recycled shipping container, stone
Does this use more sustainable materials in building or infrastructure? <i>E.g. re-used</i>		and reused materials for ecology wall and
or recycled construction materials; timber in place of concrete	Yes	garden.
Does this use more sustainable processes in any building or infrastructural work?		Recycled shipping container is modular wit
E.g. modular and off-site construction; use of electrical plant instead of petrol/diesel	Yes	limited construction on site.
Vill this increase the supply of renewable energy? e.g. installing solar panels;		Explore potential for solar panels on
witching to a renewable energy tariff	No	building as follow on project.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Equipment will be very limited but not know
Oo any appliances or electrical equipment to be used have high energy efficiency		at this stage. We will explore all options for
atings?	To some extent	energy efficiency in equipment.

Travel		
Question	Impact	Reasons / possible mitigations
		no provision is made for travelling to it by
9 Reducing travel: what effect will this project have on overall vehicle us	se? Neutral	car.
0 Will this project use petrol or diesel vehicles?	No	
Will this support people to use active or low-carbon transport? E.g. cy	vcling, walking,	
1 switching to electric transport	Yes	
Will it be easily accessible for all by foot, bike, or public transport, incl	uding for	
2 disabled people?	Yes	
Has the project taken steps to reduce traffic? Using e-cargo bikes; tin	ning activities or	community garden facilitator when
3 deliveries to be outside peak congestion times	N/A	appointed

Consumption		
Question	Impact	Reasons / possible mitigations
Has this project considered ways to reuse existing goods and materials to the greatest		
extent possible, before acquiring newly manufactured ones?	Yes	
Does it reduce reliance on buying newly manufactured goods? E.g. repair and re-use;		This needs to be explored with the
sharing and lending goods between services or people; leasing or product-as-a-		community garden facilitator when
service rather than ownership	To some extent	appointed
Does it use products and resources that are re-used, recycled, or renewable?	Yes	
Does it enable others to make sustainable choices within their lifestyles, or engage		
people about this?	Yes	
		This would be a requirement for the the
		community garden facilitator to introduce
		recycling and green waste composting or
Is there a plan to reduce waste?	Yes	site.
Has it taken steps to ensure any food it offers is more sustainable? E.g. minimal meat		
and dairy; minimises food waste; seasonal produce; locally sourced.	Yes	This will demonstrate locally grown food

Impact

20 What e	effect does this project have on total area of green space?	Neutral	area will remain accessible to the public
21 Does th	ne project create more habitat for nature? E.g. native plants, trees, and flowers	Yes	
Does it	make changes to green space that can have a negative impact on nature?		
22 <i>E.g.</i> us	e of pesticides, reduced extent and variety of plants, planting non-native	No	
Does it	help people understand the value of biodiversity, and encourage them to		
23 support	t it in their private and community spaces?	Yes	
		-	
Adapt	tation		
Question	on	Impact	Reasons / possible mitigations
24 Does ar	ny planned construction or building use include measures to conserve water?	Yes	
Does ar	ny planned infrastructure or building use consider how to sustainably protect		
25 people f	from extreme heat?	Yes	Green Roof and Ecology wall.
Has any	y planned building work or infrastructure considered how to mitigate flood risk?		
26 <i>E.g.</i> Su	ustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS); de-paving areas; green roofs	Yes	
			Current site is grass. Previuos hard
Does ar	ny planned infrastructure or building work increase the overall footprint of hard		surfacing has been removed. There needs to be an element of hardsurfacing for
	ng? (as opposed to green or permeable surfacing)	Yes	footpaths this will be permeable surfacing
	e project considered its own resilience to future extreme heat, flood risk, or	Voc	
28 water s	norage:	Yes	

Engagement and influence		
Question	Impact	Reasons / possible mitigations
Does this project raise awareness and understanding of the climate and ecological		
emergency, and the steps that people can take?	Yes	This is one of the major aims of the projec

Ways to align with net zero:

- Insulate buildings to a high standard.

- Include energy efficiency measures when carrying out refurbishment.

- Replace gas boilers with renewable heating, such as heat pumps. - Construct new buildings to a net zero standard (see the LETI design guide: https://www.leti.london/cedg)

- Design and deliver buildings and infrastructure with lower-carbon materials, such as recycled material and timber frames.

- Use construction methods that reduce overall energy use, such as modular, factory-built components, or use of electrical plant on-site.

- Install solar panels or other renewable energy generation, and consider including battery storage. - Switch to a renewable energy provider.

Use energy-efficient appliances.

- Install low-energy LED lighting.

- Install measures to help manage building energy demand, such as smart meters, timers on lighting, or building management systems.

Ways to align with net zero:

- Reduce the need to travel e.g. through remote meetings, or rationalising routes and rounds.

- Share vehicles or substitute different modes of travel, rather than procuring new fleet.

- Specify electric vehicles for new fleet or for services involving transport.

- Support users and staff to walk, cycle, or use public transport e.g. with cycle parking, training, incentives. - Use zero-emission deliveries e.g. H&F's e-cargo bike service.

- Model and mitigate the project's effect on traffic and congestion e.g. retiming the service or deliveries

Ways to align with net zero:

- Procure goods through sharing, leasing, or product-as-a-service models rather than ownership.

- Use pre-owned and reconditioned goods, and reduce reliance on procuring new goods. - Use recycled materials, and procure items that can be reconditioned or recycled at end-of-life.

- Use lifecycle costing in business cases to capture the full cost of operation, repair and disposal of an item. - Reduce meat and dairy in food provision.

- Design waste, including food waste, out of business models e.g. separating (and composting) food waste; replacing single-use items with reusable items.

- Use contact points with residents and businesses to engage and enable them to adopt low-waste, lowcarbon behaviours.

Ways to align with net zero:

Avoid converting green space to hard surfacing. - Use underutilised space for planting, such as green roofs and walls.

- Plant native plants and perennials, rather than non-native ornamental species, to encourage biodiversity.

- Reduce trimming of grass and hedges, and avoid use of pesticides. - Provide space for animals e.g. long grass areas, bird boxes, bat boxes, 'insect hotels' - Consider the ecological impacts from manufacture and use of procured goods, e.g. water pollution: water

Ways to align with net zero:

- Install water-saving devices in taps, showers and toilets

- Re-use grey water in new developments - Ensure all new building or refurbishment (especially of homes) models and mitigates future overheating

risk, with adequate ventilation and shading - Avoid increasing areas of hard surfacing.

- Convert hard surfacing to green and permeable surfacing where possible, and install Sustainable Drainage

systems (SuDS). - Plant drought-tolerant plants

Ways to align with net zero:

- 'Make every contact count', by using contact points with residents and businesses to promote understanding of the climate emergency.